



## EPWORTH SLEEPINESS SCALE

Patient Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

How likely are you to doze off or fall asleep in the following situations, in contrast to feeling just tired? This refers to your usual way of life in recent times. Even if you have not done some of these things recently, try to work out how they would have affected you. Use the following scale to **choose the most appropriate number for each situation**.

- 0 = would never doze
- 1 = slight chance of dozing
- 2 = moderate chance of dozing
- 3 = high chance of dozing

### SITUATION

### CHANCE OF DOZING

Sitting and reading	_____
Watching TV	_____
Sitting inactive in a public place (i.e. theater or meeting)	_____
As a passenger in a car for an hour without a break	_____
Lying down to rest in the afternoon when circumstances permit	_____
Sitting and talking to someone	_____
Sitting quietly after a lunch without alcohol	_____
In a car, while stopped for a few minutes in traffic	_____
	Total: _____

### **Interpretation:**

- 0-7:** It is likely you are abnormally sleepy.
- 8-9:** You have an average amount of daytime sleepiness.
- 10-15:** You may be excessively sleepy depending on the situation. You may want to consider seeking medical attention.
- 16-24:** You are excessively sleepy and should consider seeking medical attention.

Reference: Johns, M.W. A new method for measuring daytime sleepiness: the Epworth Sleepiness Scale, SLEEP. 1991; 14:450-5